Year 1 and 2 Autumn 1

Long Meadow School PSHE Knowledge Organiser for:

The core theme: Relationships

The focus of the unit is: Safe relationships and understanding positive relationships



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Key Knowledge

Emotional regulation — We all experience feelings, from anger, frustration and excitement and all those feelings in between! It is important we know how to manage or feelings and to act when we recognise that our emotions are overwhelming us.

We all have similarities - Every person has a body and their own thoughts feelings and ideas.

We are all different – What we look like, think and feel can be different to each other. Differences are what makes us unique and that is worth our respect.

Knowing how to be a good friend and what a good friend

looks like – We can all make mistakes and sometimes our actions affect others. Knowing how to resolve an argument and understanding what to do if someone is upsetting you is important. Adults in school are here to help. Talk to someone you trust if anyone is hurting you in **any way.**

Books to read CIRAFES CANT The Clear Mental Angry, Annie SUEBREEL V. STYTABECHIE

Progression of learning:			
Before:	Now:	Next:	
		L	

	Vocabulary		
Words	Image	Meaning	
Rules	RULES LAWS REGULATIONS	Rules are a set of instructions and consequences that are established to help individuals, and whole communities, live and work together harmoniously.	
Expectations	LOW HIGH EXPECTATIONS	Like rules, expectations help you and everyone understand what actions and behaviours are ok, and what are not. This might look like writing the date in your book, trying your best or asking before calling out in class.	
Emotional regulation	RUE GREEN YELLOW FED No. 10 Page 1 P	Your ability to manage your emotions in line with what the current expectations are for the environment you are in. For example, if you are in a class you are expected to try your best and focus on your work.	
Similarities		When comparing two (or more) things or people, finding that they share the same things.	
Differences		When comparing two (or more) things or people, finding that they have things that separate them.	

Year 1 and 2 Autumn 2

Long Meadow School PSHE Knowledge Organiser for:

The core theme: Relationships

The focus of the unit is: Safe relationships and understanding positive relationships



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Key Knowledge There are good secrets and bad secrets:

Good secrets These are ALWAYS temporary. (E.g. Dad buys Mum some flowers and says "Don't tell Mum! It's our secret. I want her to be surprised when she walks into the kitchen and sees them!" When she walks into the kitchen and sees them, the secret is revealed.)

Bad Secrets Any secret that you are expected to keep for a long time or forever. Nearly all bad secrets keep something hidden that is bad. (E.g. A boy keeps pushing your sister on the bus. He says never to tell anyone or else he will really hurt her.)

Golden Rule: Never keep a secret that could be harmful to yourself or others.

Bullying: We can stop bullying as quickly as it starts. We need to say no to bullying, and to act to help others who might be getting bullied. Bullying can happen anywhere so we must always remember our slogan.

Useful sites	O TENEST TIME Help a Friend	
What is bullying?		
https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zhfdjsg/artic	:les/zj9h6	
Topsy and Tim help a friend:	BBG Os	lyn in CBBC
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hhH9NCtaZt8	В	ITESIZE

What we have learned		
Before:	Now:	Next:

	Vocabulary				
Words	Image	Meaning			
Once is unkindness, twice is bullying.	Once is unkindness, twice is bullying	If someone is unkind to you once, that is wrong but not necessarily bullying. If someone continues to be unkind, hurtful or harmful, this might be bullying. Talk to an adult to get help if you ever suspect bullying.			
Good secrets		A secret is a good secret if it is temporary and often is a pleasant surprise.			
Bad secrets	***	A bad secret is something that can hurt or harm someone.			
Hurtful	STOP	If you say that someone's comments or actions are hurtful, you mean that they are unkind and upsetting.			
Harmful	STOP	If something is harmful it is likely to be full of harm. They are actions or words that can cause damage or are dangerous.			

Year 1 and 2

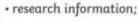
Spring 1

Long Meadow School PSHE Knowledge Organiser for: The core theme: Living in the Wider World The focus of the unit is: Media literacy and digital resilience



Key Learning Point: Benefits of the Internet: The Internet can help us in many ways. We can:

- · find information;
- · video call people far away;
- · send messages;





Using the Internet Safely and Responsibly:

It is important that we use the Internet safely and responsibly. This means:

- · use age-appropriate websites and games;
- · talk to a trusted adult and agree what websites and apps can be used:
- · keep all personal information private;
- · don't share images;
- · talk to a trusted adult if anything worries or frightens us;
- · think carefully about how we react to other people's comments or news:
- · show kindness and respect in our communication online.

Staying Safe Online

There are lots of things we can do to help us to stay safe on the Internet. We can:

- · choose age-appropriate apps and games with a trusted adult:
- · respect age restrictions and make sure we only access websites that are appropriate for our age;
- avoid clicking links that appear on-screen;
- · tell a trusted adult straight away if someone we don't know tries to talk to us:
- · tell a trusted adult if anything online makes us uncomfortable and worried;
- treat people online with kindness and respect;
- · balance our online and offline activities.

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A system that enables computers Internet

> and other devices to send each other information. We can use devices to find and share information on the Internet, communicate with others, watch videos

and listen to music.

device An electronic item which accesses

the Internet.

A portable computer. laptop

tablet A touch sensitive device which can access

the Internet.

A watch which can access the Internet. smartwatch

A mobile phone which can access smartphone

the Internet.

Personalised access to a website or account

app which you need a login name and

password to use.

communicate Talking to others and expressing ourselves.

Activities we do when we use the Internet. online

Information on the Internet from an website

organisation or group.

Year 1 and 1

Spring 2

Long Meadow School PSHE Knowledge Organiser for: The core theme: Living in the Wider World The focus of the unit is: Money, jobs and community

	Vocabulary			
Words	Image	Meaning		
Responsibilities	Responsible	Responsibility means being dependable, making good choices, and taking accountability for your actions. You may have more than one responsibility.		
Rights	**************************************	Expectations and freedoms that belong to every person in the world.		
Belonging		Belonging is about having a secure relationship with or a connection with a particular group of people.		

Vocabulary				
Words	Image	Meaning		
Currency		Currency is the official money of a country. It consists of paper money and coins. Each country has its own form of currency.		
Transaction	THE DECEMBER	A transaction is an exchange of money for something or a service.		
Electronic payment		This is a way to send and receive money online.		

Vocabulary			
Words	Image	Meaning	
Finances		Thinking about money, including how to control, manage and keep money.	
Value		When something is of good value, it means you get a good service or product that you are happy to spend money on.	
Saving		Saving is when you take a portion of your earnings, and instead of spending it now, you park it away to use later. It could also be your allowance, or chore money.	



Year 1 and 2

Summer 1

Long Meadow School PSHE Knowledge Organiser for:

The core theme: Health and Wellbeing

The focus of the unit is: Keeping safe, physical health and mental wellbeing



Key Knowledge

There are risks in our everyday environments and I need to know how to keep safe.



To recognise dangers and unsafe situations, such as water danger, road safety and safety with medicines.



To know what to do if someone gets hurt, for example phone 999 and say what they might need.



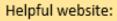
To name aspects of a healthy lifestyle such as good sleep, balanced diet, exercise and medicines such as vaccinations, antihistamines etc.



To know about good dental health, eating the right things and taking good care of your teeth.



To know what affects your mood and how to manage the feeling.



https://www.healthforkids.co.uk/



https://www.childline.org.uk/

Vocabulary			
Words	Image	Meaning	
Health		To be healthy means not to be sick. Your health is when your body, mind and getting oin with others is complete.	
Safety	Brown vacan regs Audit Standar Brown of all or the Brown of all	How to be protected form or what is unlikely to cause danger, risk or injury.	
Medicines		The practices and procedures used to prevent, treat or help with the symptoms of diseases.	
Mood		The emotional state of mind or feeling	
Feelings	00000 00000 00000	Feelings are something we feel from within and inside ourselves.	

Year 1 and 2 Summer 2

Long Meadow School PSHE Knowledge Organiser for: The core theme: Health and Wellbeing The focus of the unit is: Transitions, SRE, Living in the Wider World



Key Knowledge

To know and name body parts.

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To explain what private and personal parts are and how they are identified.

Public and Private Body Parts

To understand the human life cycle and compare it to other like cycles.

To talk about how people, change as they grow up.

To set goals for next year in school.

To reflect on what being in Year 3 might be like and identify changes.



Helpful website:

https://k 8schoollessons.com/human-life-cycle/



Vocabulary			
Words	Image	Meaning	
growing	Growing Up	Growing is to increase in size.	
changing		To become different.	
aging		All living things go through the process of growing older.	
body	DOWN ARTS	The physical structure, including the bones, flesh, and organs.	
private		Belonging to one particular person.	
safe	SAFE	Protected from or not exposed to danger or risk.	